

**Written Testimony of Jack Waldorf, Executive Director
Western Governors' Association**

**Submitted to the United States House of Representatives
Committee on Appropriations, Subcommittee on Agriculture, Rural Development, Food
and Drug Administration, and Related Agencies
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Fiscal Year 2025 Appropriations

Chair Harris, Ranking Member Bishop, and Members of the Subcommittee, the Western Governors' Association (WGA) appreciates the opportunity to provide written testimony on the appropriations and activities of the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA). WGA is an independent organization representing the Governors of the 22 westernmost states and territories. The Association is an instrument of the Governors for bipartisan policy development, information sharing, and collective action on issues of importance to the western United States.

USDA programs have a significant effect on the American West and the economic viability of its rural communities. Western Governors recognize the importance of a close and productive working relationship between states and the federal government and understand that more effective cooperation depends on federal recognition of states as co-sovereigns and partners, as reflected in the Governors' Policy Resolution 2024-01, Strengthening the State-Federal Relationship. WGA also commends your attention to other Western Governors' policy positions relevant to the Subcommittee's work: 2023-05, Western Agriculture; 2024-02, National Forest and Rangeland Management; 2022-11, Biosecurity and Invasive Species Management; 2021-10, Water Quality in the West; 2021-04, Species Conservation and the Endangered Species Act; 2023-06, Rural Development; and 2023-07, Broadband Connectivity.

Amid difficult conditions of soil, climate, terrain, and water availability, the western agricultural sector provides a vast array of high-demand, high-quality food products for

American and foreign markets. Western agricultural lands also serve as primary sources of crucial ecosystem services, including wildlife habitat and water supplies, and support a diverse suite of rural economic opportunities in the recreation, food, fiber, energy, and bio-based product industries.

USDA conservation programs promote responsible land management in western states and are of crucial importance to the agricultural sector, including livestock producers dependent on using federal allotments through permits and fees to sustain their operations. Western Governors support targeted, voluntary, and collaborative conservation to address locally identified natural resource issues affecting farms, rangelands, and forests on private and public lands. These issues include soil health, air and water quality, drought and wildfire resilience, wildlife habitat conservation, and invasive species.

The work of the Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) is especially important to western states, and WGA encourages the Subcommittee to provide adequate funding for conservation programs administered by the agency. NRCS empowers private landowners to work with states and the federal government on large-scale management priorities across landscapes with different land ownerships. NRCS programs provide multiple benefits to western communities, including: stimulating economic activity in local communities; conserving habitat for the greater sage-grouse, lesser prairie chicken, and other species; mitigating wildland fire potential in western states; improving water quality; reducing the threat of invasive species on western lands; and responding to imminent hazards caused by floods, wildfire, windstorms, and other natural disasters through the Emergency Watershed Protection Program.

Western Governors also support adequate funding of NRCS' Snow Survey and Water Supply Forecasting (SSWSF) program. Sufficient funding is required to ensure the long-term

viability of the program's collection of snowpack and water data, operation and maintenance of all snow survey sites, hiring of needed staff, and technological upgrades. The SSWSF program provides integral information for water supply management decisions, and its predictive capabilities are critically useful throughout the arid West, where snowpack accounts for most of the region's annual water supply.

Western Governors also support adequate funding for the National Institute of Food and Agriculture (NIFA). Western Governors recognize that NIFA plays a valuable role in biosecurity research to understand the potential spread of invasive species and to develop geographically appropriate control measures.

Land grant universities, Cooperative Extension Services, and Agricultural Experiment Stations provide national leadership in research to develop more resilient seeds and crops, manage soil health, advance technology deployment, and conduct on-farm research experiments that help farmers and ranchers be more effective and efficient. Western Governors support efforts to expand research funding to address weather and disaster risks facing western producers. WGA also encourages the effective use of Extension services to deliver practical tools, technologies, and information to producers and address changing needs of rural communities.

Healthy, vibrant, and prosperous rural communities are critical to western states, but face a variety of challenges with respect to economic development, infrastructure, and quality of life. Western Governors support USDA's Rural Development programs, which address those challenges, and request an increased emphasis on rural capacity-building efforts. Building local capacity through training, technical assistance, and consistent support is fundamental to economic and community development and maximizes the effect of state and federal resources.

Western Governors urge the Subcommittee to increase the proportion of rural economic development and infrastructure funding that goes toward capacity-building and allow agencies to negotiate the percentage of financial versus technical assistance within appropriations.

Western Governors support rural development programs that foster small businesses, entrepreneurs, and cooperative business models, and encourage the Subcommittee to include full funding for the Rural Business-Cooperative Service. Western agricultural cooperatives provide seed, feed, and fertilizer to growers; product storage, processing, and transportation; trade and market promotion; supply chain solutions; and education and technical assistance. Cooperative business models can also help meet rural community needs for child and home care, main street businesses, and housing.

Western Governors support funding for the Market Access and Foreign Market Development Programs to promote opportunities for western producers to increase export revenues and encourage trade agreements that maximize benefits for the West's farmers, ranchers, and forest landowners. Governors support funding for programming that improves access by small producers, including USDA Rural Cooperative Development Grants and Value-Added Producer Grants, and programs administered by USDA's Agricultural Marketing Service and NIFA. WGA also supports adequate funding for the Specialty Crop Block Grant Program, which provides research, education, and promotion tools to fruit and vegetable producers.

Western Governors support the continued efforts of the Rural Utilities Service to provide financial assistance for drinking and wastewater facilities, renewable energy projects on working lands, and broadband connectivity in rural areas that have minimal or no such infrastructure.

While broadband is a modern-day necessity, many communities still lack access. Western Governors are supportive of the Rural eConnectivity Program (ReConnect), which plays

a key role in closing the digital divide by facilitating broadband deployment to under- and unserved communities. The Governors appreciate the Subcommittee's continued commitment to improving rural broadband and request consistent funding for the ReConnect Program. In addition, Western Governors are pleased with USDA's commitment to keeping minimum speeds for ReConnect eligibility at 100/20 Mbps and recommend scalability to 100 Mbps symmetrical.

On the subject of data, given the numerous federal programs, policies, and regulations directly affecting the collective states and territories, Western Governors encourage the Subcommittee to direct Congress and federal agencies to improve their internal processes and coordinate with states and territories on federal policies and procedures, as well as integrate state and territorial data into federal programs, including for policymaking purposes.

Western Governors recognize that nutrition assistance programs can help meet the needs of children and the most vulnerable, while creating economic opportunity across the agriculture supply chain from the store where food is purchased all the way back to the farm. Nutrition assistance programs should continue to provide flexibility for states to respond to unique economic conditions, serve all eligible participants to the greatest extent practicable, and pursue transparency, efficiency, and accountability in program administration.

Western states and federal agencies deal with a complex web of interrelated agriculture, conservation, and economic development priorities. It is an enormous challenge to judiciously balance competing needs in this environment, and Western Governors appreciate the difficulty of the decisions the Subcommittee must make. The foregoing recommendations are offered in a spirit of cooperation and respect, and WGA is prepared to assist you in discharging these critical and challenging responsibilities.